

coast mountain college

coastmountaincollege.ca

Statement of Financial Information

Schedules required by the Financial Information Act For the year ended March 31, 2020



Statement of Financial Information Required under the Financial Information Act For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

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Statement of Financial Information Approval

The undersigned represents the Board of Governors of Coast Mountain College and acknowledges that the Board of Governors has approved the audited Financial Statements of Coast Mountain College and all other statements and schedules included in this Statement of Financial Information (SOFI).

The College Board carries out its financial responsibility by regularly reviewing the College's financials reports as prepared by Management. The Board relies upon Management's design and implementation of internal control systems and the necessary accounting processes to produce the reports included in the Statement of Financial Information (SOFI). The Board relies upon Management that the included information has been prepared in compliance with the Financial Information Act.

Dr. David Try Board of Governors September 2020



Financial Statements of

Coast Mountain College

Year ended March 31, 2020 and 2019

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Management's Report

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, as required by Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of BC, supplemented by Regulations 257/2010 and 198/2011 issued by the Province of British Columbia Treasury Board. The integrity and objectivity of these statements are management's responsibility. Management is also responsible for all of the notes to the financial statements and schedules, and for ensuring that this information is consistent, where appropriate, with the information contained in the financial statements.

Management is also responsible for implementing and maintaining a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Governors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control and exercises these responsibilities through the Finance and Audit Committee. The Finance and Audit Committee reviews internal financial statements on a quarterly basis and external audited financial statements yearly.

The external auditors, BDO Canada LLP, conduct an independent examination, in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, and express their opinion on the financial statements. Their examination considers internal control relevant to management's preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Coast Mountain College's internal controls. The external auditors have full and free access to the Finance and Audit Committee of Coast Mountain College and meet with them when required.

On behalf of Coast Mountain College

Ernie Dusdal

Chair, Finance and Audit Committee

Michael Doyle

Vice-President, Corporate Services



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Governors of Coast Mountain College, and To the Ministry of Advanced Education, Skills and Training, Province of British Columbia

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Coast Mountain College (the College), which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at March 31, 2020, and the Statements of Operations, Changes in Net Debt, and Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of Coast Mountain College as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020 are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting requirements of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia (the Act).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the College in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 2(a) to the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared in order for the College to meet the reporting requirements of the Act referred to above. Note 2(a) to the financial statements discloses the impact of these differences between such basis of accounting and Canadian public sector accounting standards. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the College's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the College, or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

BDO Canada LLP, a Canadian limited liability partnership, is a member of BDO International Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, and forms part of the international BDO network of independent member firms.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. But not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the College's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However future events or conditions may cause the College to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities
 or business activities within the College to express an opinion on the financial statements. We
 are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely
 responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Vancouver, British Columbia June 12, 2020

Statement of Financial Position As at March 31, 2020 [in thousands of dollars]

	Note	Mar	ch 31, 2020	Mar	ch 31, 2019
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	3	\$	11,626	\$	11,320
Accounts receivable	4		507		2,168
Inventory held for resale			265		239
			12,398		13,727
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5		3,141		3,798
Accrued employee entitlements	6		1,550		1,493
Payroll liabilities	7		745		1,046
Deferred revenue	8		3,051		3,100
Deferred contributions	9		278		423
Deferred capital contributions	10		46,057		46,964
			54,822		56,824
Net debt			(42,424)		(43,097)
Non-financial assets					
Tangible capital assets	11		49,510		50,181
Accumulated surplus	13	\$	7,086	\$	7,084
Contractual obligations	15				
Contingent liabilities	16				

Ernie Dusdal, Chair, Finance and Audit Committee

Michael Doyle, Vice President, Corporate Services

Statement of Operations For the Year Ended March 31, 2020 [in thousands of dollars]

	Note	Budget Note 2(k)	2	020	2019
Revenues					
Contributions	\$	21,570	\$	23,010	\$ 23,493
Tuition and other fees		3,999		5,474	4,449
Contract services and other		3,443		3,033	5,028
Ancillary services		1,338		1,248	1,177
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-		313	305
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	10 _	2,900		3,630	3,184
		33,250		36,708	37,636
Expenses					
Instruction and support		28,538		30,981	32,059
Ancillary		1,412		1,741	1,736
Amortization	_	3,300		3,984	3,470
	17	33,250		36,706	37,265
Annual surplus		-		2	371
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year				7,084	6,713
Accumulated surplus, end of year			\$	7,086	\$ 7,084

Statement of Change in Net Debt For the Year Ended March 31, 2020 [in thousands of dollars]

	2020		2019
Annual surplus	\$	2 \$	371
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(3,314)	(10,842)
Disposition of tangible capital assets, net book value		1	9
Amortization of tangible capital assets		3,984	3,470
		671	(7,363)
Decrease (increase) in net debt		673	(6,992)
Net debt at beginning of year		(43,097)	(36,105)
Net debt at end of year	\$	(42,424) \$	(43,097)

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended March 31, 2020 [In thousands of dollars]

	Note	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating transactions			
Annual surplus		\$ 2 \$	371
Items not involving cash:			
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets		(313)	(305)
Amortization of tangible capital assets		3,984	3,470
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	_	(3,630)	(3,184)
		43	352
Increase (decrease) in non-cash operating items	18	734	(1,339)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues	_	(194)	(2,174)
Cash applied to operating transactions	_	583	(3,161)
Capital transactions			
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(3,314)	(10,842)
Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets	_	314	313
Cash applied to capital transactions	_	(3,000)	(10,529)
Financing transactions			
Deferred capital contributions received	_	2,723	9,682
Increase (decrease) in cash	_	306	(4,008)
Cash at beginning of year	_	11,320	15,328
Cash at end of year	=	\$ 11,626 \$	11,320

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

1. Authority and Purpose

Coast Mountain College (the "College") is a post-secondary educational institution incorporated under the provisions of the College and Institute Act of British Columbia. The College is a not-for-profit entity governed by a Board of Governors and is funded principally by the provincial government of British Columbia through the Ministry of Advanced Education, Skills and Training. The College is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from income taxes under section 149 of the *Income Tax Act*.

The College was given permission by the Provincial Government to change its name to Coast Mountain College, effective June 18, 2018. The College was formerly known as Northwest Community College.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act (BTAA) of the Province of British Columbia and the Restricted Contribution Regulation 198/2011 issued pursuant to it. This requires that these financial statements be prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board of CPA Canada except that the contributions received or receivable by the College for the purpose of acquisition of tangible capital assets are accounted for as deferred capital contributions.

The basis of accounting that the College has adopted is different from PSAS with respect to the timing of revenue recognition for government transfers. If the College had recorded government transfers under PSAS rather than the accounting policy described in note 2(g)(i), capital contributions recognized as revenue and the annual surplus for the year ended March 31, 2020 would have decreased by \$907 (March 31, 2019 – increase \$6,498). Consequentially, as at March 31, 2020, deferred capital contributions used to purchase tangible capital assets would have decreased and the accumulated surplus would have increased by \$46,057 (March 31, 2019 – \$46,964). Under PSAS, the total cash flows from operating, financing, and capital transactions for the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 would have been the same as reported in these financial statements.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include term deposits with a term to maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase.

(c) Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into two categories: fair value or cost.

(i) Fair value category: Portfolio instruments that are quoted in an active market and derivative instruments are reflected at fair value as at the reporting date. Sales and purchases of financial assets are recorded on the trade date. Transaction costs related to the acquisition of financial assets is recorded as an expense. There were no financial instruments designated in the fair

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

2. Significant Accounting Policies

- (c) Financial assets value category.
 - (ii) Cost/Amortized cost category: Gains and losses are recognized in the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus when the financial asset is derecognized due to disposal or impairment. Sales and purchases of financial assets are recorded on the trade date. Transaction costs related to the acquisition of financial assets are included in the cost of the related financial assets.

Accounts receivable are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Any gains, losses or interest expense is recorded in the annual surplus depending on the nature of the financial liability that gave rise to the gain, loss or expense.

(d) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

(i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Interest is capitalized whenever external debt is issued to finance the construction of tangible capital assets. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets, excluding land, are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives shown below. Land is not amortized as it is deemed to have a permanent value:

Site improvements	10 years
Buildings	
- Wood frame	20 years
- Concrete/steel	40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years
Computer hardware and software	4 years
Library holdings	10 years
Landscaping	15 years

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(d) Non-financial assets

(i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to the College's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net book value.

Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at their fair value on the date of contribution. When fair value of a contributed asset cannot be reliably determined, the asset is recorded at nominal value.

(ii) Works of art and historic assets

Works of art and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these financial statements.

(iii) Leased tangible capital assets

Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as leased tangible capital assets. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(e) Accrued employee entitlements

(i) Defined contribution plans

The College and its employees contribute to the College Pension Plan and Municipal Pension Plan (jointly trusteed pension plans). The board of trustees for these plans, representing plan members and employers, are responsible for administering the pension plans, including investing assets and administering benefits. The plans are multi-employer defined benefit pension plans. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. As at August 31, 2019, the College Pension Plan has about 15,000 active members, and approximately 8,000 retired members. As at December 31, 2018, the Municipal Pension Plan has about 205,000 active members, including approximately 6,000 from colleges.

Every three years, an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the plans and adequacy of plan funding. The actuary determines an appropriate combined employer and member contribution rate to fund the plans. The actuary's calculated contribution rate is based on the entry-age normal cost method, which produces the long-term rate of member and employer contributions sufficient to provide benefits for average future entrants to the plans. This rate may be adjusted for the amortization of any actuarial funding surplus and will be adjusted for the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(e) Accrued employee entitlements

(i) Defined contribution plans

The most recent actuarial valuation for College Pension Plan as at August 31, 2018, indicated a \$303 million surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

The most recent valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan as at December 31, 2018 indicated a \$2,866 million funding surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

Coast Mountain College paid \$1,517 for employer contributions to the plans in fiscal 2020 (2019 - \$1,436).

The next valuation for the College Pension Plan will be as at August 31, 2019 with results available in 2020. The next valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan will be December 31, 2019, with results available in 2020.

Employers participating in the plans record their pension expense as the amount of employer contributions made during the fiscal year (defined contribution pension plan accounting). This is because the plans record accrued liabilities and accrued assets for each plan in aggregate, resulting in no consistent and reliable basis for allocating the obligation, assets and cost to individual employers participating in the plans.

(ii) Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits are also available to the College's employees. The costs of these benefits are actuarially determined based on service and best estimates of retirement ages and expected future salary and wage increases. The obligation under these benefit plans are accrued based on projected benefits as the employees render services necessary to earn the future benefits. Actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the employees.

(iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

The College's short-term employee benefits include accrued vacation, banked overtime and early retirement incentives. Employees of the College do not accumulate sick leave and therefore there is no liability recognized.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(f) Payroll liabilities

Payroll liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

The College's payroll liabilities include wages and payroll remittance accruals, employee benefits, professional development accruals, payments to the College and Municipal Pension Plans, and other short-term payroll accruals.

(g) Revenue recognition

Tuition and other fees are reported as revenues over the duration of the course or school year. Tuition fees are deferred for the portion of the courses held in the next fiscal year. The sale of goods, contract services and ancillary services are reported as revenue at the time the services are provided or the products are delivered, and collection is reasonably assured.

Unrestricted donations and grants are recorded as revenue when receivable if the amounts can be estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Pledges from donors are recorded as revenue when payment is received by the College or the transfer of property is completed.

Restricted donations and grants are reported as revenue depending on the nature of the restrictions on the use of the funds by the contributors as follows:

- (i) Contributions for the purpose of acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset or in the form of a depreciable tangible capital asset, for use in providing services are recorded and referred to as deferred capital contributions and recognized in revenue at the same rate that amortization of the tangible capital asset is recorded. The reduction of the deferred capital contributions and the recognition of the revenue are accounted for in the fiscal period during which the tangible capital asset is used to provide services.
- (ii) Contributions restricted for specific purposes other than for those to be held in perpetuity or the acquisition or development of a depreciable tangible capital asset are recorded as deferred contributions and recognized in revenue in the year in which the stipulation or restriction on the contribution have been met.
- (iii) Contributions restricted to be retained in perpetuity, allowing only the investment income earned thereon to be spent, are recorded as direct increases to accumulated surplus for the portion to be held in perpetuity and as deferred contributions for any restricted investment income earned thereon.

Investment income includes interest recorded on an accrual basis and write-downs on investments where the loss in value is determined to be other-than-temporary.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(h) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and related disclosures. Key areas where management has made estimates and assumptions include those related to estimated useful life of tangible capital assets, provision for contaminated sites and the present value of employee future benefits and commitments. Where actual results differ from these estimates and assumptions, the impact will be recorded in future periods when the difference becomes known.

(i) Liability for contaminated sites

A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized at the financial statement date when an environmental standard exists, contamination exceeds the standard, and it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up and the liability can be reasonably estimated.

The College has determined that as of March 31, 2020, there is a hazardous material removal liability of \$NIL (2019 - \$754).

(j) Foreign currency translation

The College's functional currency is the Canadian dollar. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and non-monetary assets and liabilities which were designated in the fair value category under the financial instrument standard are reflected in the financial statements in equivalent Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the balance sheet date. Any gain or loss resulting from a change in rates between the transaction date and the settlement date or balance sheet date is recognized in the Statement of Operations.

(k) Budget figures

Budget figures have been provided for comparative purposes and have been derived from the College's Fiscal 2019/2020 Budget approved by the Board of Governors of the College on April 5, 2019. The budget is reflected in the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

As the budget was prepared in the spring of 2019 the estimates were based on Ministry and Contract funding secured at the time of preparation. There are variances as management will obtain additional funding contracts throughout the year and incur related expenditures once funding is approved.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

3. Cash and cash equivalents

	 2020	2019
Restricted	\$ 277	\$ 423
Inrestricted	 11,349	10,897
Γotal	\$ 11,626	\$ 11,320

Restricted cash is comprised of funds held for externally restricted purposes and is related to bursary funds and funds held in trust. (Note 9).

4. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded net of allowance for doubtful receivables of \$30 (2019 - \$36).

5. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	2	2020	2019
Accounts payable	\$	649 \$	967
Accrued liabilities		384	633
Other accrued liabilities		140	203
Student deposits		1,968	1,241
Contaminated site liability		-	754
Balance, end of year	\$	3,141 \$	3,798

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

6. Accrued employee entitlements

Accrued employee entitlements are comprised of the following:

	2020		2019	
Accrued vacation	\$	577	\$	411
Accrued overtime		53		55
Retirement allowances		602		596
Executive benefits and days in lieu		67		97
Early retirement incentives		185		196
Severance benefits		66		138
Balance, end of year	\$	1,550	\$	1,493

Retirement allowances:

The College provides retirement allowances to its eligible employees based on eligibility, years of service and final salary. These allowances include retirement allowance benefits for BCGEU instructors and support staff and sick leave and cash-out benefits for CUPE members. The liability associated with these benefits is calculated based on the present value of expected future payments pro-rated for services.

The fair value has been determined using a discounted cash flow analysis with an appropriate discount factor, which at March 31, 2020 was determined to be 3.25% (2019 - 3.25%).

	2020	2019
Accrued benefit liability		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 596 \$	592
Current service cost	47	45
Interest cost	21	21
Amortization of net actuarial losses	10	10
Benefits paid	(72)	(72)
Accrued benefit liability, end of year	\$ 602 \$	596

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

6. Accrued employee entitlements

An actuarial valuation for these benefits was performed to determine the College's accrued benefit obligation as at March 31, 2020. The difference between the actuarially determined accrued benefit obligation of \$647 and the accrued benefit liability of \$602 is an unamortized actuarial loss of \$45. The actuarial loss is amortized over a period equal to the employees' average remaining service lifetime of 10 years.

	2020	2019
Accrued benefit obligation		
Liability, end of year	\$ 602	\$ 596
Unamortized actuarial loss (gain)	45	55
Balance, end of year	\$ 647	\$ 651

7. Payroll liabilities

Payroll liabilities are comprised of the following:

	 2020	2019
Payroll accruals	\$ 321 \$	223
Pension benefits	6	235
Professional development accruals	392	342
Other	 26	246
Balance, end of year	\$ 745 \$	1,046

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

8. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue is comprised of contract services and deferred tuition revenue.

Changes in deferred revenue are as follows:

	2	2020	2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$	3,100 \$	5,258
Contributions received during the year		2,890	13,235
Revenue recognized		(2,939)	(15,393)
Balance, end of year	\$	3,051 \$	3,100

9. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions are funds restricted for bursaries and scholarships:

	20	20	2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$	423 \$	439
Contributions received during the year		181	217
Revenue recognized		(326)	(233)
Balance, end of year	\$	278 \$	423

10. Deferred capital contributions

Contributions for capital that meet the definition of a liability are referred to as deferred capital contributions. Amounts are recognized into revenue as the liability is extinguished over the useful life of the asset. Treasury Board provided direction on accounting treatment as disclosed in Note 2. Changes in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

Changes in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

	2020	2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 46,964 \$	40,466
Contributions received during the year	2,723	9,682
Revenue recognized	 (3,630)	(3,184)
Balance, end of year	\$ 46,057 \$	46,964

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

11. Tangible capital assets

Cost	 alance at arch 31, 2019	Ac	dditions	Disposals	 alance at arch 31, 2020
Land and land improvements	\$ 1,623	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,623
Buildings	76,696		2,014	(413)	78,297
Furniture and equipment	17,308		1,280	(1,279)	17,309
Computer hardware and software	2,515		20	(527)	2,008
Library holdings	 1,720		-	-	1,720
Total	\$ 99,862	\$	3,314	\$ (2,219)	\$ 100,957

Accumulated amortization	_	alance at Iarch 31, 2019	Amortiza expens		Disposals	Balance at March 31, 2020
Land and land improvements	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Buildings		31,908	2	2,688	(413)	34,183
Furniture and equipment		14,431		967	(1,278)	14,120
Computer hardware and software		1,762		289	(527)	1,524
Library holdings		1,580		40	-	1,620
Total	\$	49,681	\$ 3	3,984	\$ (2,218)	\$ 51,447

	 ok value 31, 2019	 ook value n 31, 2020
Land and land improvements	\$ 1,623	\$ 1,623
Buildings	44,787	44,114
Furniture and equipment	2,878	3,188
Computer hardware and software	753	484
Library holdings	 140	101
Total	\$ 50,181	\$ 49,510

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

11. Tangible capital assets

Cost	Ma	lance at arch 31, 2018	A	dditions	Disposals	_	Balance at March 31, 2019
Land and land improvements	\$	1,623	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,623
Buildings		67,042		9,698	(44)		76,696
Furniture and equipment		16,752		1,096	(540)		17,308
Computer hardware and software		2,467		48	-		2,515
Library holdings		1,719		-	-		1,719
Total	\$	89,603	\$	10,842	\$ (584)	\$	99,861

Accumulated amortization	Ma	llance at arch 31, 2018	A	mortization expense	Disposals	Balance at March 31, 2019
Land and land improvements	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Buildings		29,831		2,113	(36)	31,908
Furniture and equipment		13,963		1,007	(539)	14,431
Computer hardware and software		1,457		305	-	1,762
Library holdings		1,534		45	-	1,579
Total	\$	46,785	\$	3,470	\$ (575)	\$ 49,680

	 book value ch 31, 2018	book value rch 31, 2019
Land and land improvements	\$ 1,623	\$ 1,623
Buildings	37,211	44,787
Furniture and equipment	2,788	2,878
Computer hardware and software	1,011	753
Library holdings	 185	140
Total	\$ 42,818	\$ 50,181

(a) Assets under construction

Assets under construction having a value of \$1,329 (2019 - \$2,290) have not been amortized and are included under buildings. Amortization of these assets will commence when the asset is put into service.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

11. Tangible capital assets

(b) Works of art and historical treasures

The College manages and controls various works of art and non-operational historical cultural assets including buildings, artifacts, paintings and sculptures located at the College sites and public display areas. These assets are not recorded on these financial statements.

(c) Write-down of tangible capital assets

There was no write-down of tangible capital assets during the year (2019 - \$351).

12. Financial risk management

The College has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Governors ensures that the College has identified its major risks and ensures that management monitors and controls them.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the College if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Such risks arise principally from certain financial assets held by the College consisting of cash and accounts receivable.

The College manages its credit risk by reviewing the credit history of new customers before extending credit and by conducting regular reviews of its existing customer's credit performance. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information. The College has a significant number of customers which minimizes the concentration of credit risk. The College limits its exposure to credit risk by placing its cash with chartered banks and the Ministry of Finance.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the College's income. The objective of market risk management is to control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing the return on risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates.

It is management's opinion that the College is not exposed to significant market or interest rate risk arising from its financial instruments.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

12. Financial risk management

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the College will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

The College manages liquidity risk by continually monitoring actual and forecasted cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the College's reputation.

(d) Fair value of financial instruments

Generally accepted accounting principles define the fair value of a financial instrument as the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

Cash, accounts receivable, accounts payables and accrued liabilities - the carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

The College is not exposed to any material fair value risk.

13. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus is comprised of the following:

	2	020	2019
Operating	\$	3,633 \$	3,866
Capital		3,453	3,218
Total	\$	7,086 \$	7,084

14. Endowments

The College has endowment funds with the Vancouver Foundation. The funds are permanent funds with the Foundation and provide income for scholarships and bursaries at the College. The Funds are not under College ownership or control and therefore have not been included in the financial statements. The College has recorded its contributions to the Fund as donation expenditures. The College earned income of \$50 (2019 - \$49) from the Funds during the year. Income is recorded as deferred contributions until disbursed.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

14. Endowments

Changes to the endowment balances are as follows:

Northwest Community College Endowment Fund
Morice Community Skills Centre Legacy Fund
NWCC School of Exploration and Mining Endowment Fund
Balance, end of year

2020		20)19		
Cost	Market Value		Cost		Market Value
\$ 588 \$	746	\$	588	\$	820
181	206		181		227
203	256		203		261
\$ 972 \$	1,208	\$	972	\$	1,308

15. Contractual obligations

The nature of the College's activities can result in multiyear contracts and obligations whereby the College will be committed to make future payments. Significant contractual obligations related to operations that can be reasonably estimated are as follows:

	2020	2019	7	Thereafter	Total
Lease agreements	\$ 87	\$ 85	\$	109	\$ 281

16. Contingent liabilities

The College may, from time to time, be involved in legal proceedings, claims, and litigation that arise in the normal course of business. In the event that any such claims or litigation are resolved against the College, such outcomes or resolutions could have a material effect on the business, financial condition, or results of operations of the College. As at March 31, 2020, there are no known material outstanding claims or lawsuits.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

17. Expenses by object

The following is a summary of expenses by object:

	2020	2019
Personnel	\$ 22,235 \$	20,502
Instruction and service contracts	3,730	4,241
Supplies	1,250	1,375
Cost of goods sold	392	485
Advertising and promotion	176	274
Building and equipment costs	1,941	3,624
Building leases	23	27
Janitorial	648	429
Other	551	771
Telecommunications	191	326
Travel	990	1,099
Utilities	595	642
Amortization	3,984	3,470
Total	\$ 36,706 \$	37,265

18. Supplementary cash flow information

Net change in non-cash working capital

	2020	2019
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,661 \$	(1,065)
Inventory held for resale	(26)	2
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(657)	(568)
Accrued employee entitlements	57	(135)
Payroll liabilities	(301)	427
Total	\$ 734 \$	(1,339)

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019 [in thousands of dollars]

19. CMTN Foundation

The College has an economic interest in the CMTN Foundation ("Foundation"). The net assets and results of operations of the Foundation have not been included in these financial statements. The Foundation is a separate organization formed to provide scholarships and bursaries for students of the College and to raise funds and awareness to enrich the learning experience at the College. The College provides some financial support to the Foundation. During the year, financial support of \$150 (2019 - \$200) was provided to the Foundation.

20. Subsequent events

On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus, COVID-19, a pandemic.

Subsequent to March 31, 2020, the impact on the global and Canadian economies due to the COVID-19 pandemic has continued to increase, leading to an economic slowdown. Government and central banks have reacted with monetary and other measures designed to stablize economic conditions and limit the spread of COVID-19 but the duration and extent of the outbreak's impact remains uncertain at this time.

Consequences of government recommended closures, combined with border closures and limitations in the College's ability to deliver classes could affect the demand of post-secondary education. If the financial markets and/or the overall economy are affected for an extended period, the College's future financial results may be similarly adversely affected.

While the impacts of this pandemic on the College are not currently expected to be dire and the disruption is expected to be temporary, the actual duration of disruption and related financial impact on the College cannot be reasonably estimated at present.

Schedule of Debts For the year ended March 31, 2020

As of March 31, 2020 Coast Mountain College does not have any outstanding debt to report.



Schedule of Guarantee and Indemnity Agreements For the year ended March 31, 2020

Coast Mountain College has given four (4) indemnities under the Guarantees and Indemnities Regulation.



Schedule of Remuneration and Expenses For the Year ended March 31, 2020

Name of Em	ployee	Salary Plus Benefits	Expenses		Total
			·	_	
Adair	Solveig	\$ 80,082	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	80,082
Altar	Ted	93,877	4,057		97,933
Badge	Brian	118,826	8,090		126,916
Brandt	Michael	94,252	3,627		97,878
Burrows	Marja	94,252	1,153		95,404
Burt	Ken	157,201	35,922		193,123
Carr	Christane	120,438	2,027		122,465
Cook	Α	84,484	2,106		86,590
De Rooy	Richard	94,372	3,166		97,538
De la Nuez	Mercedes	102,610	1,469		104,079
Denis	Bruce	102,040	14,152		116,192
Dolan	Trudy	98,521	50		98,571
Downs	Seth	102,959	4,937		107,895
Doyle	Michael	162,634	57,041		219,676
Dyck	John	90,812	2,659		93,471
Eisner	Kari	98,521	2,162		100,682
Elliott	Colin	102,849	16,418		119,267
Farrow	Jennifer	122,262	8,035		130,297
Fodor	Thomas	100,532	461		100,993
Godfrey	Darlene	103,015	2,980		105,994
Gowen	Lorrie	116,318	15,531		131,849
Haley	Katherine	93,914	2,001		95,915
Hart	Kirk	92,052	2,886		94,938
Hidber	Ruth	113,595	1,440		115,036
Hopkins	Raymond	98,521	812		99,333
Johnson	Corry	99,679	3,945		103,624
Kang	Hyeyoung	80,033	21,145		101,178
Kennedy	Jennifer	77,359	4,009		81,368
Kerbrat	Michael	97,105	1,376		98,481
Kohlman	Justin	179,397	59,999		239,395
Krabes	Sylvie	98,521	-		98,521
Carry Forward	d Total	\$ 3,271,030	\$ 283,655	\$	3,554,685



Name of Empl	oyee	Salary Plus Benefits	Expenses		Total
Brought Forwa	rd Total	\$ 3,271,030	\$ 283,655	\$	3,554,685
Kunkel	Titilope	86,049	14,128		100,177
Lebedick	Natasha	76,487	1,050		77,538
Linteris	Jordan	98,966	6,250		105,216
MacDonald	Timothy	94,589	139		94,728
McDougall	Alice	84,710	3,635		88,346
McIntyre	Kimberly	107,886	7,080		114,966
McKeever	David	98,521	4,426		102,946
McNeil	Kenneth	78,408	2,237		80,645
Missere	Joe	98,521	1,277		99,798
Morris	Julie	98,807	3,265		102,072
Morrison	Kevin	119,377	18,945		138,323
Neid	Bruce	101,071	137		101,207
Nelligan	Michael	115,737	1,841		117,579
Nolan	Carrie	121,140	10,014		131,153
O'Brien	Bridie	100,161	11,974		112,135
Reichert	Donald	97,996	4,658		102,654
Reinhardt	David	98,183	1,398		99,582
Riesen	Reto	94,589	5,575		100,164
Ronaasen	Sheree	94,252	3,069		97,320
Roy	Waylon	98,789	13,640		112,429
Saimoto	Regina	86,069	5,705		91,773
Salem	Stephen	108,233	9,570		117,804
Shaw	Kenneth	98,440	3,802		102,243
Sibbald	Regan	94,589	2,967	2,967	
Siemens	Corwin	104,633	2,334		106,967
Sinkewicz	Kezia	98,521	5,136		103,657
Snelling	Marc	113,803	10,202		124,005
Stach	Robert	116,792	4,295		121,088
Stone	Jonathan	89,804	1,061		90,865
Stranger	David	85,439	2,116		87,555
Suderman	Emily	82,247	3,208		85,454
Swain	Kelly	91,821	7,656		99,477
Thiessen	Cameron	90,349	1,076		91,426
Thompson	Simon	94,252	3,619		97,871
Tsolinas	Jill	86,243	10,171		96,414
Urban	Gordon	98,521	2,834		101,354
Carry Forward	Total	\$ 6,775,023	\$ 474,147	\$	7,249,169



Name of Empl	loyee	Salary Plus Benefits	Expenses	Total
Brought Forwa	rd Total	\$ 6,775,023	\$ 474,147	\$ 7,249,169
Van Dyk	Evan	79,629	2,438	82,067
Vennard	Kenneth	105,550	2,679	108,229
Walker	Lorelle	91,421	7,656	99,076
Waye	Laurie	144,690	9,287	153,976
Weary	Gordon	94,589	5,935	100,524
Webster	Stella	101,769	1,515	103,285
White	Catharine	94,252	1,897	96,149
Zahrai	Erfan	94,589	1,482	96,071
Zimmerman	Sarah	110,167	12,977	123,144
Total - earning	s over \$75,000	\$ 7,691,678	\$ 520,013	\$ 8,211,690
Total - earning	s under \$75,000	9,767,918	\$ 344,000	\$ 10,111,918
Grand Total		\$ 17,459,596	\$ 864,013	\$ 18,323,608



Schedule of Remuneration For the Board of Governors For the year ended March 31, 2020

Name of Board Member		Honorariums		Expenses	Total
Boparai	Damanpreet	\$	1,500	\$ -	\$ 1,500
Denton	Mary		3,000	1,837	4,837
Dusdal	Ernie		3,000	278	3,278
Halbauer	Nicole		4,000	8,522	12,522
McPhail	Shannon		3,000	1,479	4,479
McRae	Diane		3,000	1,957	4,957
Nijjar	Manisha		750	-	750
Rana	Vivek		1,500	445	1,945
Smith	David		3,000	1,593	4,593
Try	David		3,000	1,704	4,704
Wesley	Jolene		3,000	1,014	4,014
Total Disburseme	nts	\$	28,750	\$ 18,827	\$ 47,577



Reconciliation of Remuneration and Expenses to the Operating Statement For the Year ended March 31, 2020

Salary and Taxable Benefits	\$ 17,459,596
Board of Governors	28,750
Employer portion of benefits	3,839,618
*Other salary costs	 906,990
Reconciled to Operating Statement	\$ 22,234,953
* Other salary costs include accruals, honorariums, PD, retirement, recruitment, etc.	
Per Financial Statements - Operating Statement	
Per Note 17 - Personnel	\$ 22,234,953



Statement of Severance Agreements For the year ended March 31, 2020

There was one (1) severance agreement under which payment commenced between Coast Mountain College and its non-unionized employees during the fiscal year 2019-2020.



Schedule of Payments to Suppliers of Goods and Services For the Year ended March 31, 2020

Regular Suppliers Above \$25,000

Supplier Name	Expenditure
1189805 B.C. Ltd. dba	47,775
6492053 Canada Inc.	27,760
Acadia Northwest Mechanical	55,006
Air Liquide Canada Inc	39,547
Aird & Berlis LLP	50,104
Aprenda Mas Que Espanol S.A.S.	35,000
Aqua Plumbing & Heating Ltd	39,978
Arris Design Ltd.	29,815
BC Federation of Students	25,793
BC Government & Service Employees' Union	213,079
BC Hydro	235,917
BCNET	387,716
BDO Canada LLP	47,649
Boyden Vancouver	70,747
Bravo Cleaning Solutions & Auto Detailing	303,341
Bryant Electric Ltd.	37,032
Buy Rite Office Furnishings Ltd	48,068
Camosun College	28,012
Canadian Tire #486- Terrace	25,984
Canadian Union of Public Employees	63,445
Capp's Northern Training	27,458
Caron Consulting Ltd.	142,061
CDW Canada	41,069
City of Terrace	55,680
CMTN Foundation	198,662
Colleges and Institutes Canada	28,694
Compugen Inc.	83,781
ComTek Security Solutions Ltd	93,743
Consulab Educatech Inc.	28,396
Dow and Associates	77,942
E.B. Horsman & Son	32,648
Carry Forward Total	2,621,902



Brought Forward Total	2,621,902
Fasken Martineau Dumoulin Llp	81,618
First Impression	46,085
Geier Waste Services Ltd.	52,395
Grey Matters And Immigration Services	55,578
HDR Architecture Associates, Inc.	301,369
Home Hardware Building Centre	62,891
ICBC	215,110
IDL Projects	831,247
Innovative Trailer Design Industries	548,695
Insight Canada Inc.	30,884
Jam Contracting Ltd.	25,879
Jimmy the Janitor Cleaning Services Ltd	106,494
Jody Gordon	26,843
Kitselas First Nation	96,711
L & S Building Maintenance	140,028
Leaders International Executive Search	84,337
Lifestyle Equipment (2002) Ltd.	164,031
M Square Global Education Solutions Inc.	761,928
Manulife Financial	951,200
McElhanney Consulting Services Ltd.	54,949
McGraw-Hill Ryerson Ltd	33,596
Mills Office Productivity	418,122
Minister of Finance	192,161
Nelson Education Ltd	74,670
NIS Northern Industrial Sales Ltd.	51,632
Northwest Fuels Ltd	49,607
OA Solutions	77,560
Pacific Northern Gas Ltd	208,660
Pearson Canada Inc.	51,608
Progressive Ventures Ltd	959,851
Ricoh Canada Inc.	188,163
S. Kohlmann and Associates Consulting	37,379
Save on Foods #983	32,329
Scotiabank Visa	482,278
Silvertip Promotions & Signs	29,869
Simard Informatique Et Reseaux Inc.	62,715
Simon Fraser University Skeena Concrete Products Ltd.	55,267
	33,051
SKR Consultants Ltd. Society of Coast Mountain Students' Union	111,697 90,309
Southern Alberta Institute of Technology	32,918
Joddiem Albeita institute of Technology	32,910
Carry Forward Total	10,533,617



Brought Forward Total	10,533,617
Stantec Consulting Ltd	135,900
Summit Catering Ltd.	67,253
Sysco Food Services	290,064
Telus	51,909
Telus Mobility	36,668
Terrace Carpet Centre Ltd	26,704
Terrace Chrysler	26,175
The Canada Homestay	51,225
Thevigahn Pather	37,165
Think Communications Inc.	229,593
Thompson Rivers University	36,811
Tongue and Groove Construction	147,993
Travel Healthcare Insurance Solutions Inc.	56,504
Tri-City Refrigeration Ltd	300,249
UAP Inc.	29,419
Ulkatcho Indian Band	62,991
Yes Immigration Consultancy Services	34,606
Total for suppliers where payments exceed \$25,000	12,154,844
Total for suppliers where payments were under \$25,000	4,413,096
Total Disbursements	16,567,940



Statement of Payments of Grants and/or Contributions For the Year ended March 31, 2020

Supplier Name	Expenditure
Change Makers Education Society Gitxaala Nation	\$ 51,000 26,484
Houston Link to Learning	55,336
Kitimat Community Services Soc	34,500
Learners Opportunities Group	15,760
Literacy Haida Gwaii	34,500
Literacy on Wheels	4,000
North Coast Immigrant & Multic	23,000
Smithers Community Services Assoc	34,374
Storytellers' Foundation	34,500
Total Disbursements	\$ 313,454



Reconciliation between Supplier Payments and Operating Statement For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

Schedule of Suppliers of Goods and Services	\$	16,567,940
Add back flowthrough amounts		313,454
Payroll Providers on Supplier List		(1,318,033)
Capital asset additions		(3,314,346)
Accruals and other		(1,762,496)
Reconciled to Operating Statement	_ \$	10,486,519
Financial Statements:		
Per Statement of Operations	\$	36,705,904
Less: Amortization		(3,984,432)
Less: Salary and Benefits		(22,234,953)
Total Other Operating Costs	\$	10,486,519



Statement of Cash Flows for Capital Fund For the Year ended March 31, 2020

Please refer to Coast Mountain College's audited Financial Statements.

